

### Recommended Minimum Performance Standards for VINYL SWIMMING POOL LINERS – IN-GROUND

## 1. Scope

1.1 This document sets forth recommended minimum performance standards for vinyl and other polymeric films, plain and printed, which are used as in-ground swimming pool liners.

1.2 This specification is not applicable to vinyl or polymeric films used in other applications.

# 2. Applicable Documents\*

For applicable documents used in this specification, refer to CFFA Standard Test Methods Pamphlet, most recent Edition.

### 3. Definitions

<u>Accelerated Light Aging</u> – Artificial accelerated tests to predict the weathering characteristics of a polymeric film.

**<u>Calcium Carbonate Content</u>** – To determine the percentage of Calcium Carbonate in Flexible PVC as a percentage of the sample composition.

**Density** - Measure of Weight per unit Volume (Grams/CC).

**Dimensional Stability** – A measure of the re- orientation (shrinkage or growth in one or more directions) of a polymeric film at an elevated temperature.

**Lay-flat** – A measure of the uniformity of the contour of a roll of polymeric film.

**Low Temperature Impact** – A measure of the ability of a polymeric film to resist cracking at low temperature. **Mildew Resistance** – A determination of the ability of a polymeric film to resist fungal growth.

**<u>Pink Stain</u>** - An evaluation of the performance of a polymeric film against staining by a pink staining organism, *Streptoverticillium reticulum.* 

**<u>Print Abrasion Resistance</u>** – A measure of the degree to which a polymeric film is able to retain a surface print when abraded.

**<u>Roll Contour or Racetracking</u>** – A measure of deviation in the ability of a roll of polymeric film to be rolled out in a straight line.

**Snap Back** – A measure of the machine direction shrinkage of a polymeric film after being unwound from a roll and allowed to relax at ambient temperature.

**Soapy Water Extraction** – A determination of the weight loss or the extraction of solute from polymeric film after extended immersion in soapy water at a given temperature.

**<u>Tearing Strength</u>** – A determination of the force required to initiate or propagate a tear in a polymeric film. **<u>Tensile Properties of Thin Plastic Sheeting</u>** – To determine the:

- Tensile Strength, the measurement of the force required to break or pull a sample apart;
- Elongation at Break (Ultimate Elongation), the measurement of the percent elongation from the original sample length at the moment when the material breaks during a tensile test; and
- 100% Modulus, measure of the ability of a polymeric film to resist deformation under an applied tensile stress. of thin plastic sheeting and film.

**<u>Thickness</u>** – A measure of gauge.

**<u>Volatility</u>** – The measure of weight loss of a polymeric film when subjected to an elevated temperature.

# 4. Performance Requirements

4.1 20 mil vinyl and other polymeric films, depending upon application, will be colored, decorated and/or textured to provide an aesthetically pleasing appearance and feel while maintaining minimum performance standards under non-abusive consumer usage.

4.2 Properties described in <u>TABLE 1</u> for polymeric films collectively make up the minimum performance standard. The CFFA Standard Test Method Pamphlet outlines the tests to be used, describing their purpose and relating the properties tested to various aspects of performance.

4.3 The test results for polymeric films, when tested in accordance with the CFFA Standard Test

4.4 The test results for polymeric films, when tested in accordance with the CFFA Standard Test Methods, must attain the minimum values of all properties listed in <u>TABLE 1</u> to conform to this standard.



# TABLE 1

PROPERTY	TEST METHOD	VALUE
Accelerated Light Aging* Xenon Arc UV Fluorescent	CFFA 2b CFFA 2c	200 hours for min. film color change. 1500 hours for min. polymer degradation. No cracking**
CaCO <sub>3</sub> Content, %	CFFA 210	3% Max.
Density ***	CFFA 21	1.23 - 1.28
Dimensional Stability (% change max., 212°F (100°C) for 15 min.	CFFA 22	MD -4.0% change max
Lay-flat (Belly or Baggy Center)	CFFA 221	-0%, +1.8%
Low Temperature Impact (Pass, degrees F, +/-2°) at -20°	CFFA 23	8 out of 10 is passing
Mildew Resistance	CFFA 120	No Growth
Pink Stain	CFFA 121	No Stain
Print Abrasion Resistance **** Taber Method (CS 17 Wheels, 500 gram weight, for 300 cycles)	CFFA 200b	No ink loss
PVC Roll Contour or Racetracking	CFFA 240	+1.8%
Snap Back (%, max.)	CFFA 241	-2.0% max
Soapy Water Extraction: % weight loss, max., 24 hrs @ 104°F (40°C)	CFFA 25	0.35
Tear Resistance:	CFFA 26a Graves Method	MD 220 lbs./in, min TD 220 lbs./in., min
Tensile Properties of Thin Plastic Sheeting Tensile Strength at Break Elongation @ Break (Ultimate Elongation) 100% Modulus	CFFA 27	MD 2300 psi min. TD 2000 psi min. MD 300% min. TD 300% min. MD 950 psi min. TD 950 psi min.
Thickness, Specified Value +/-5% Minimum nominal thickness 20 mil	CFFA 700	Nominal
Volatility (% weight loss, max.)	CFFA 270	1.0

\*Either method may be used. Exposure test for 200 hours on material should show minimal color fading of base film by visual inspection. \*\*No cracking when sample bent around a 2- inch diameter mandrel with face up.

\*\*\*Density may vary with color. Films with density above 1.28 will require a CaCO<sub>3</sub> test. See Section 5.2.

\*\*\*\*Abrasion test should show minimal wear.

#### 5. Test Procedures

5.1 <u>Accelerated Light Aging</u> – See CFFA Standard Test Method 2. 200 hours for minimum film color change and 1500 hours to minimum polymer degradation in a Xenon Arc or UV Fluorescent test chamber.

5.2 **<u>CaCO<sub>3</sub> Content</u>** – See CFFA Standard Test Method 210, Determination of Calcium Carbonate Content to quantify the amount of CaCO<sub>3</sub> present.

5.3 **<u>Density</u>** – See CFFA Standard Test Method 21, Water Displacement Method.

5.4 **<u>Dimensional Stability</u>** – See CFFA Standard Test Method 22. Measure dimensional change after 30 minutes at 212°F (100°C).

5.5 **Lay-flat** – See CFFA Standard Test Method 221. Determines the uniformity of contour of a roll of film by measuring its diameter on at least three points across the roll.

5.6 **Low Temperature Impact** – See CFFA Standard Test Method 23. Sample is folded in a loop, conditioned at low temperature, and struck by a falling weight.

5.7 <u>Mildew Resistance</u> – See CFFA Standard Test Method 120. Samples are exposed to a mixed fungal spore suspension for 28 days at 82° F (29° C).

5.8 <u>Pink Stain</u> – See CFFA Standard Test Method 121. Samples are exposed to an organism that causes pink staining in an incubator for 14 days at 82°F (29°C)

5.9 **<u>Print Abrasion Resistance</u>** – See CFFA Standard Test Method 200b, Taber Method.

- 5.10 **PVC Roll Contour or Racetracking** See CFFA Standard Test Method 240. Unroll a segment and measure deviations from rolling out in a straight line.
- 5.11 **Snap Back** See CFFA Standard Test Method 241. Accurately measure and mark a 100- inch segment from a newly unwound roll of film, laid flat on a table. After 24 hours, re-measure the distance between the marks.
- 5.12 <u>Soapy Water Extraction</u> See CFFA Standard Test Method 25. Sample is immersed in soapy water at 104°F (40°C) for 24 hours.

5.13 <u>Tearing Strength</u> – See CFFA Standard Test Method 26a. Graves Method.



- 5.14 <u>**Tensile Properties of Thin Plastic Sheeting**</u> See CFFA Standard Test Method 27. Determines the Tensile Strength, Ultimate Elongation and 100% Modulus of thin plastic sheeting and film.
- 5.15 <u>Thickness</u> See CFFA Standard Test Method 700. A gauge having a presser foot 0.375 inch in diameter, applying a total force of 6 ounces, equivalent to exerting a pressure of 3.4 psi, is used.
- 5.16 <u>Volatility</u> See CFFA Standard Test Method 270. Sample exposed for 24 hours @ 158°F (70°C) in the presence of activated charcoal.

#### \*Test Methods may be accessed on line at https://www.cffaperformanceproducts.org/publications.asp

MEMBERS		
BASF Corporation	Ghesquiere Plastic Testing, Inc.	
Canadian General – Tower Limited	i2M	
CGPC America Corporation/Enduratex <sup>™</sup>	Morbern, Inc.	
Continental	OMNOVA, A Division of Surteco	
ExxonMobil Product Solutions	Proquinal S.A./Spradling International, Inc.®	
Formosa Plastics Corporation. USA		

© 2023 CHEMICAL FABRICS & FILM ASSOCIATION, INC. ALL RIGHTS RESERVED